

ASSESSMENT OF REDUCED-DYNAMIC GRACE/GRACE-FO ORBITS CO-ESTIMATED WITH MONTHLY GRAVITY FIELDS

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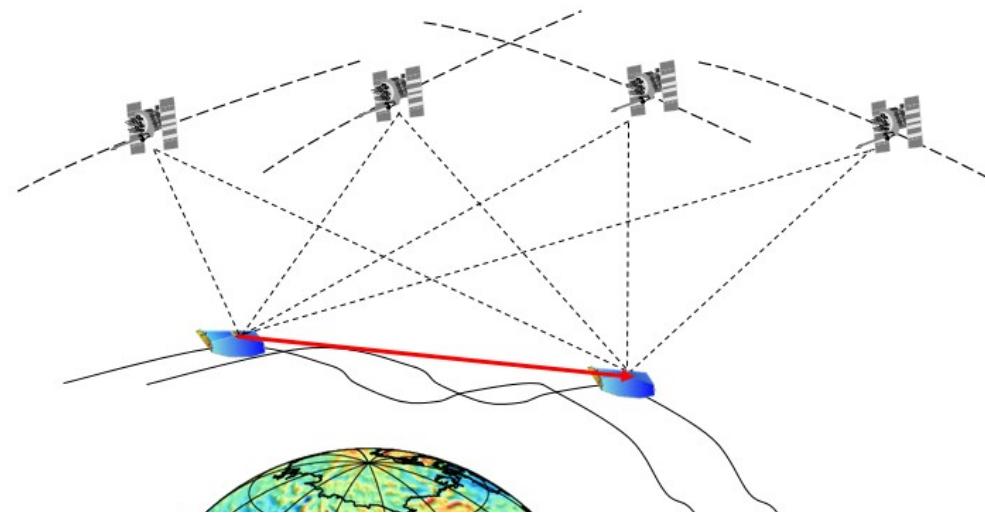
43rd COSPAR Scientific Assembly 2021
Jan. 28 – Feb. 4, 2021
Sydney/Online



Background

Gravity field modelling: orbit is a sine qua non condition
→ co-estimation of reduced-dynamic orbits

GRACE/GRACE-FO: GPS & K-band



- GPS needs to be downweighted to obtain best gravity field solution
- not the «best possible» orbit

Modelling

Parametrisation

6 initial conditions (daily)

accelerometer bias and scaling (daily)

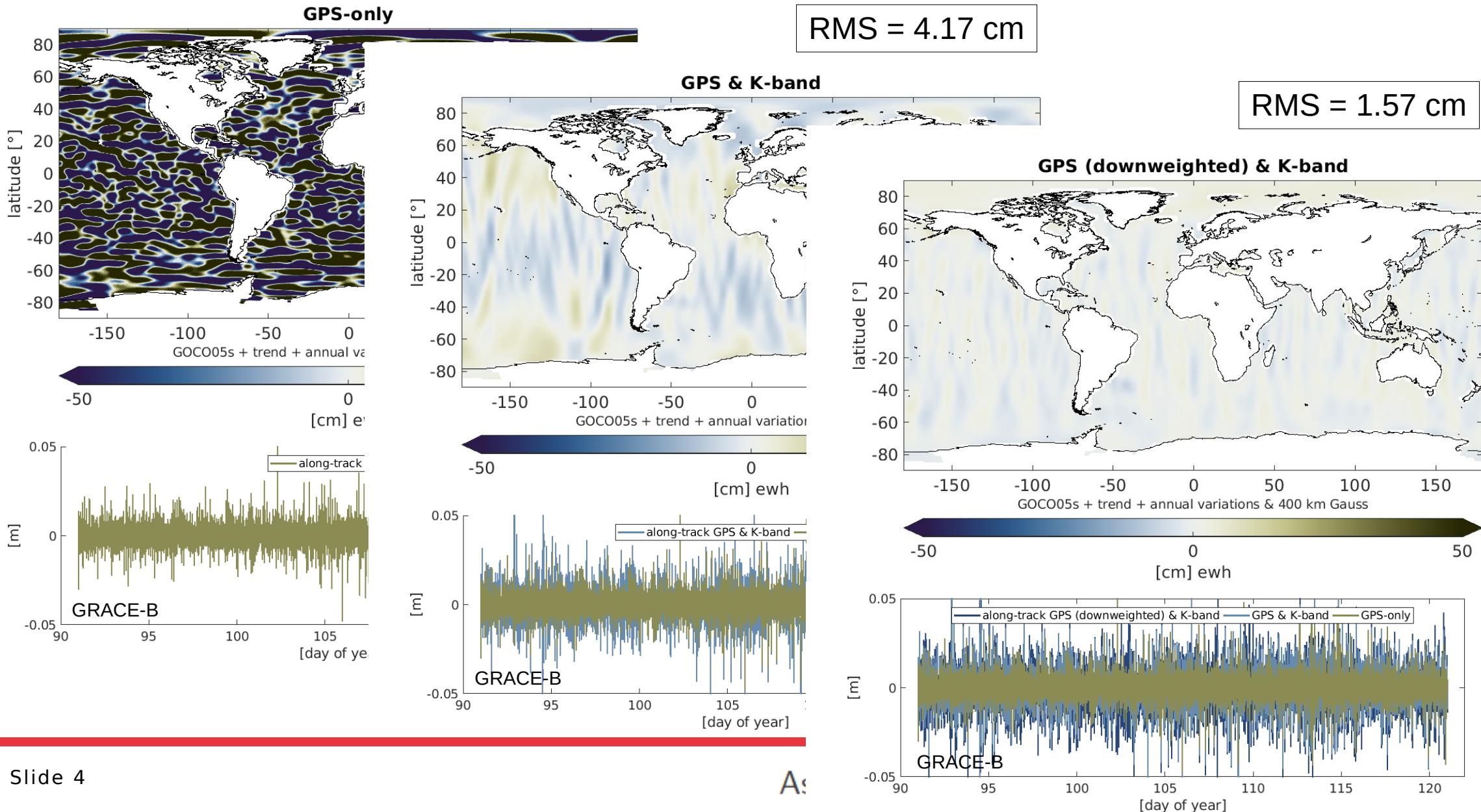
15 min piecewise constant accelerations (PCA) (daily)

gravity field coefficients (monthly)

} forms the reduced dynamic orbit

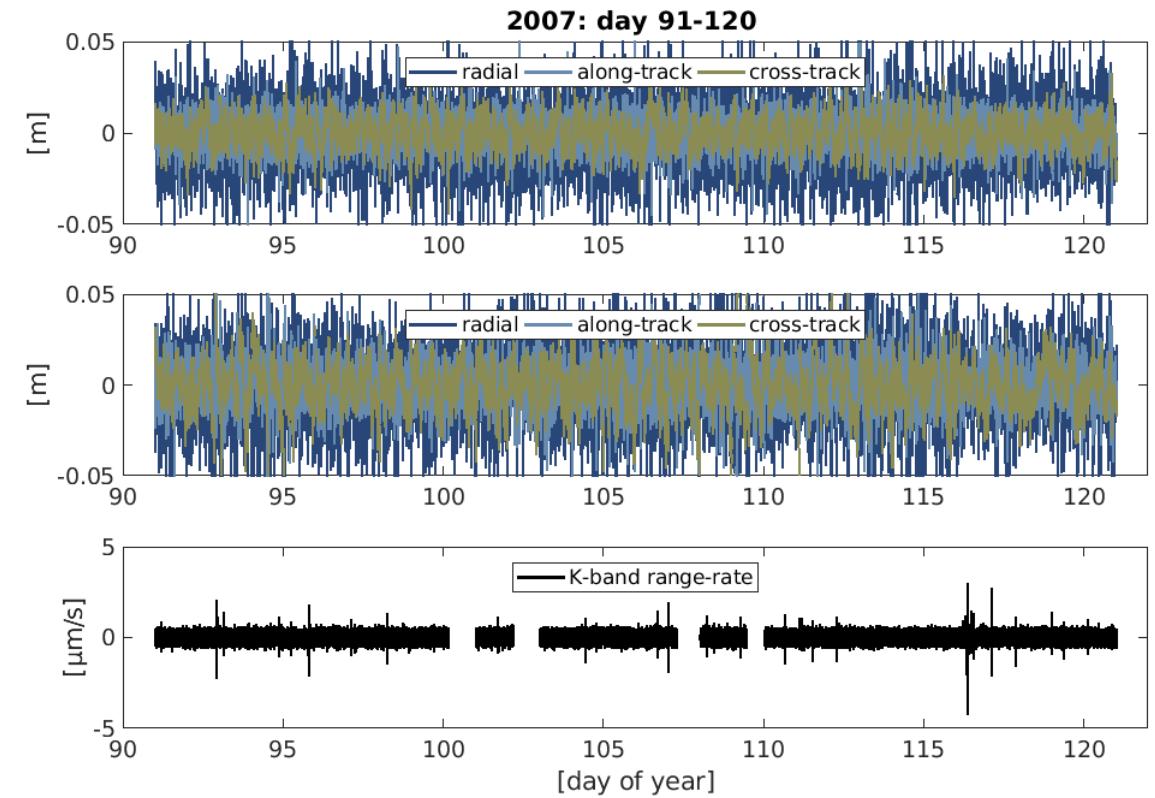
$$\sum_{d=1}^{31} \text{accumulate normal equations to a monthly solution}$$

The problem illustrated



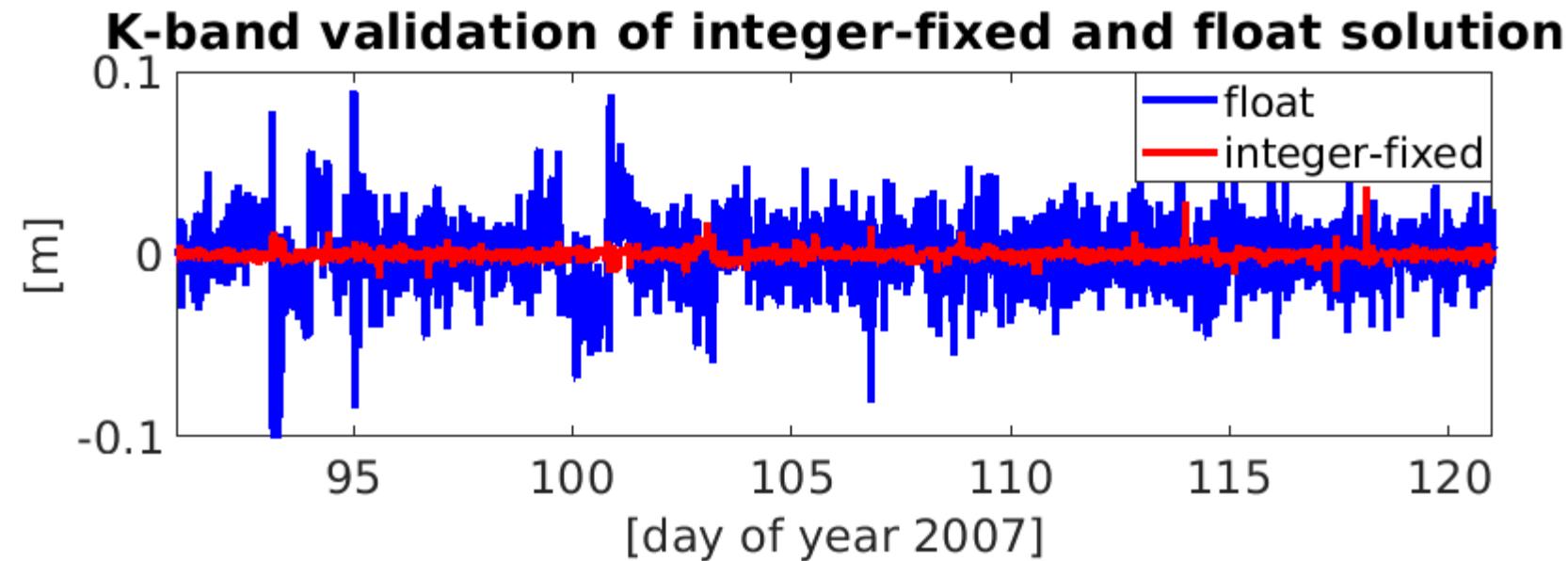
Post-fit residuals

1. Estimate orbit and gravity field
2. Evaluate estimated orbit in the new force field
3. Difference to original
 - kinematic positions
 - K-band range-rate observations

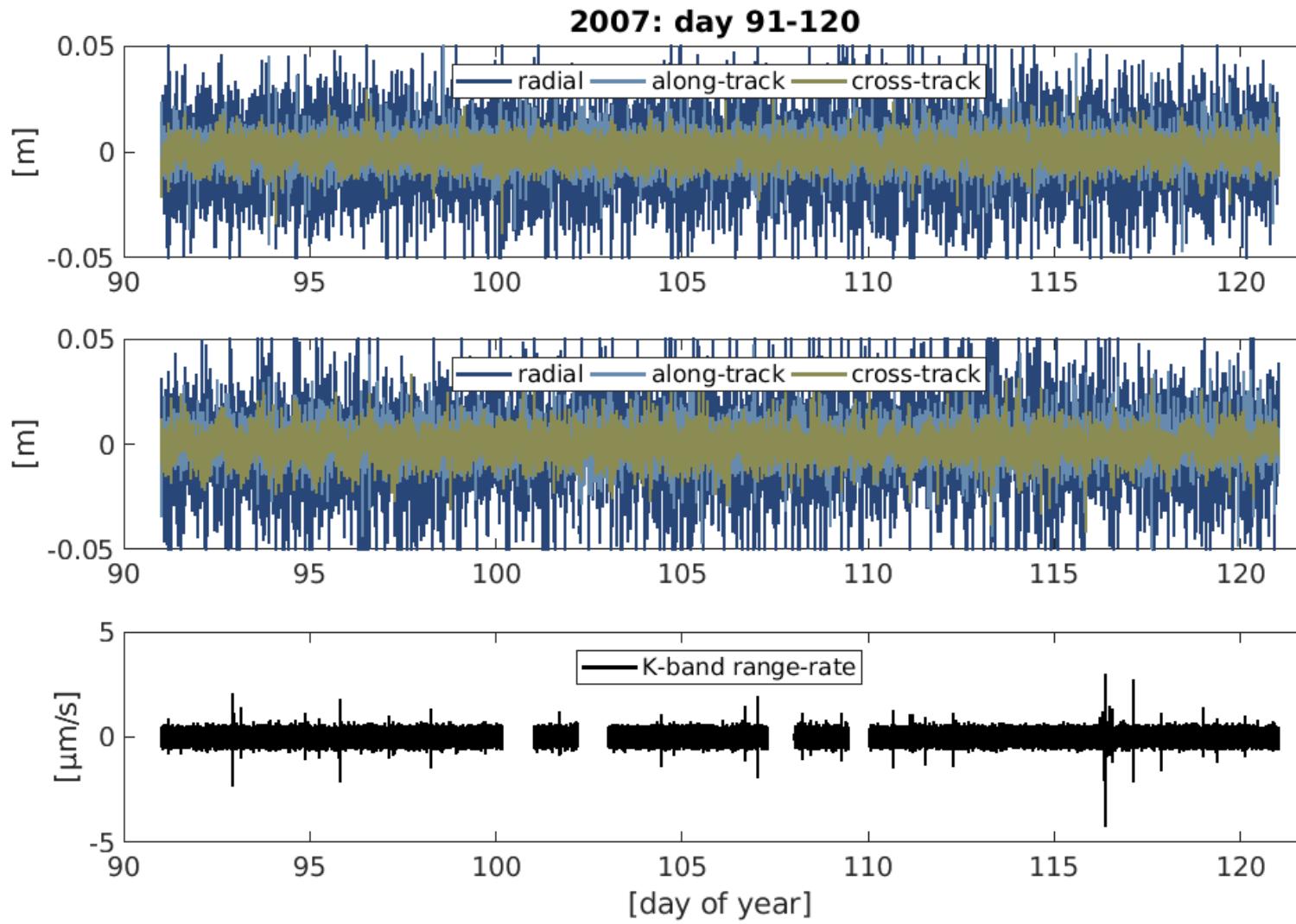


Towards a solution...

Fixing carrier phase ambiguities to integer values
→ higher consistency between two GRACE satellites (i.e. K-band)



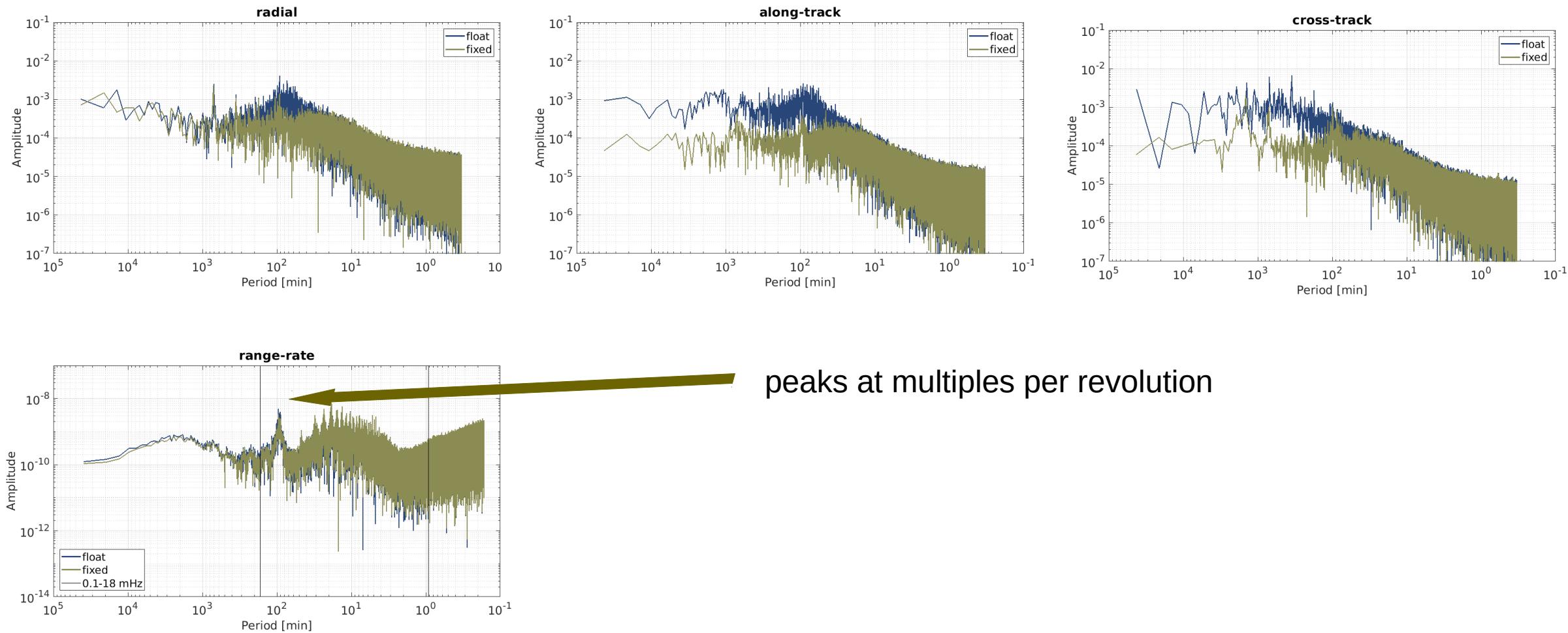
In terms of post-fit residuals



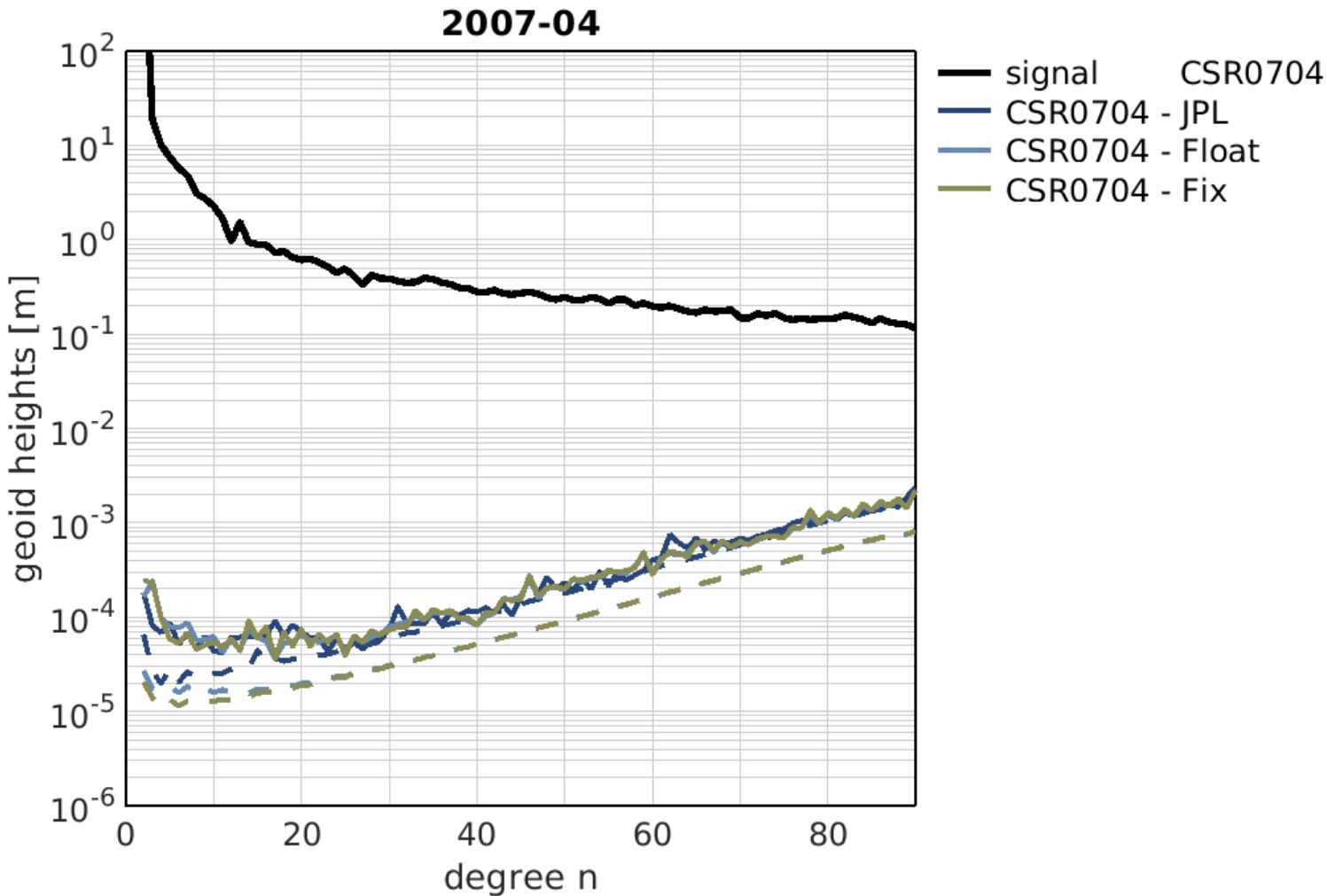
less noise in the co-estimated orbit residuals

almost no difference in range-rate

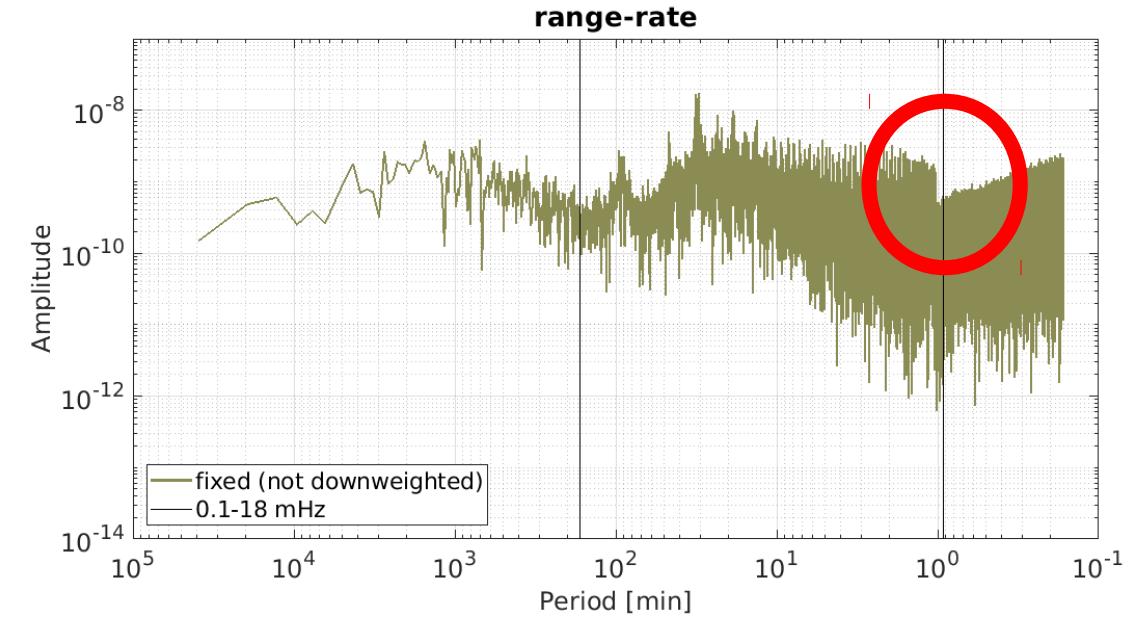
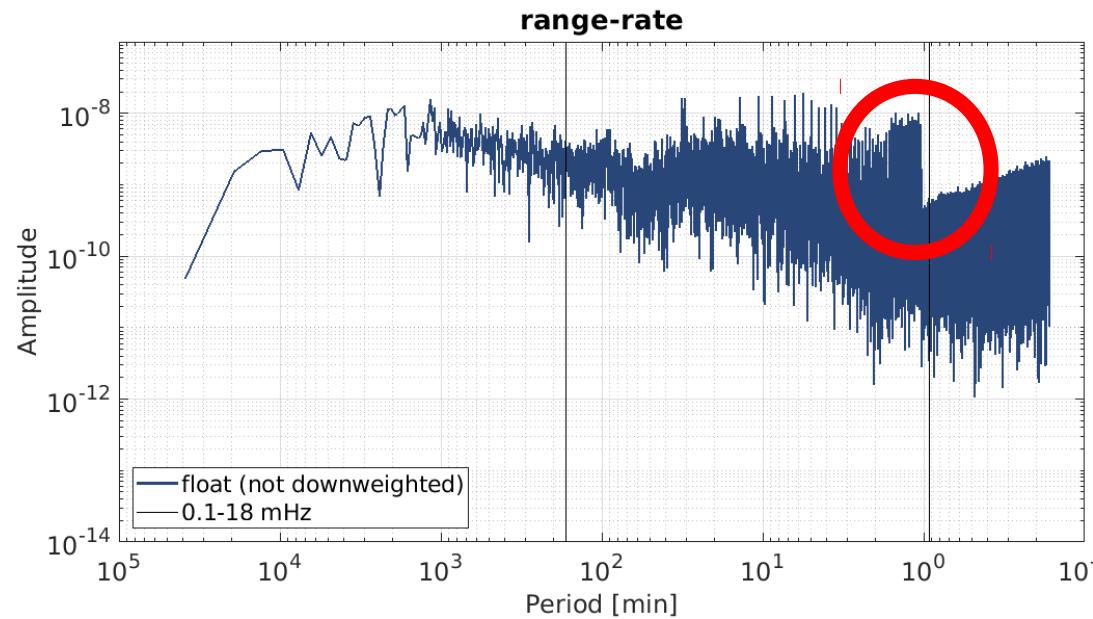
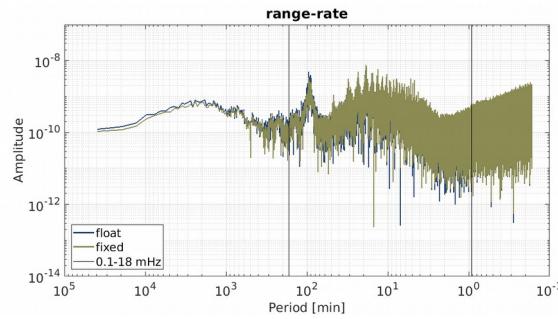
Spectral analysis



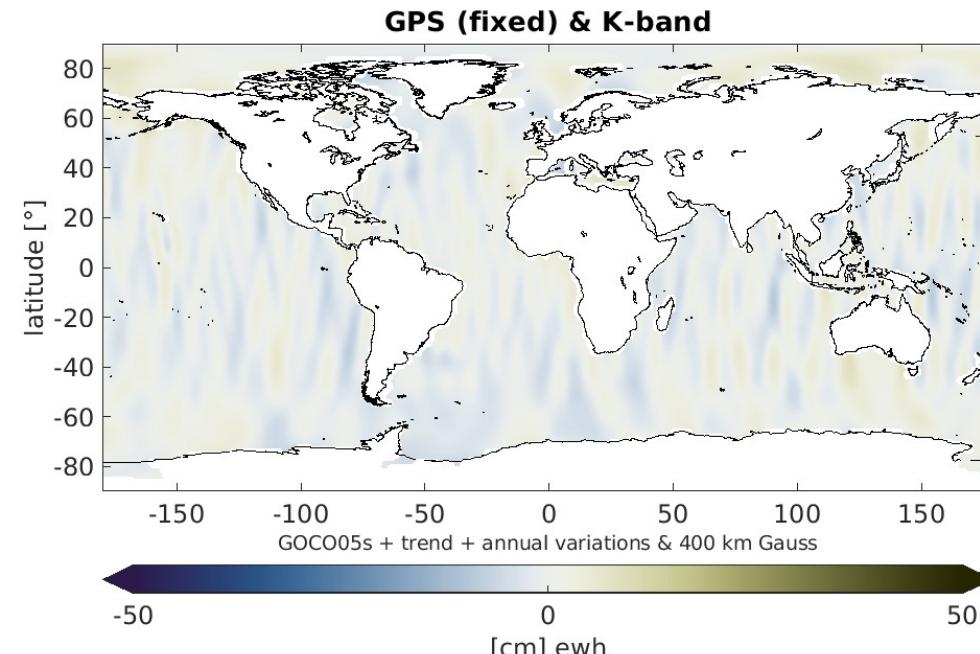
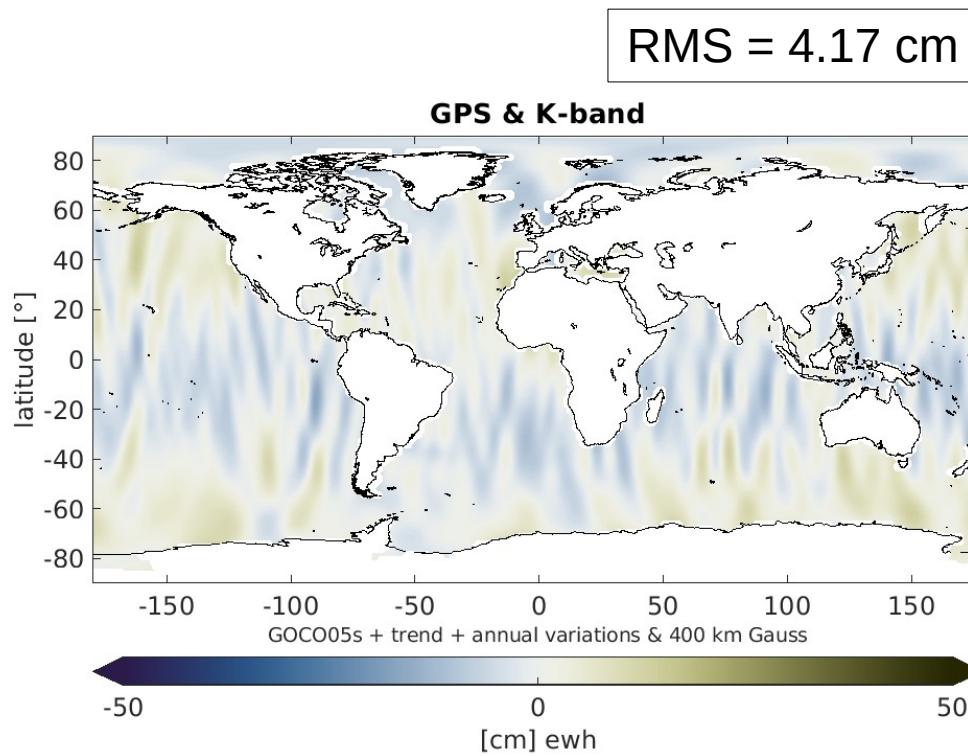
Gravity field solution



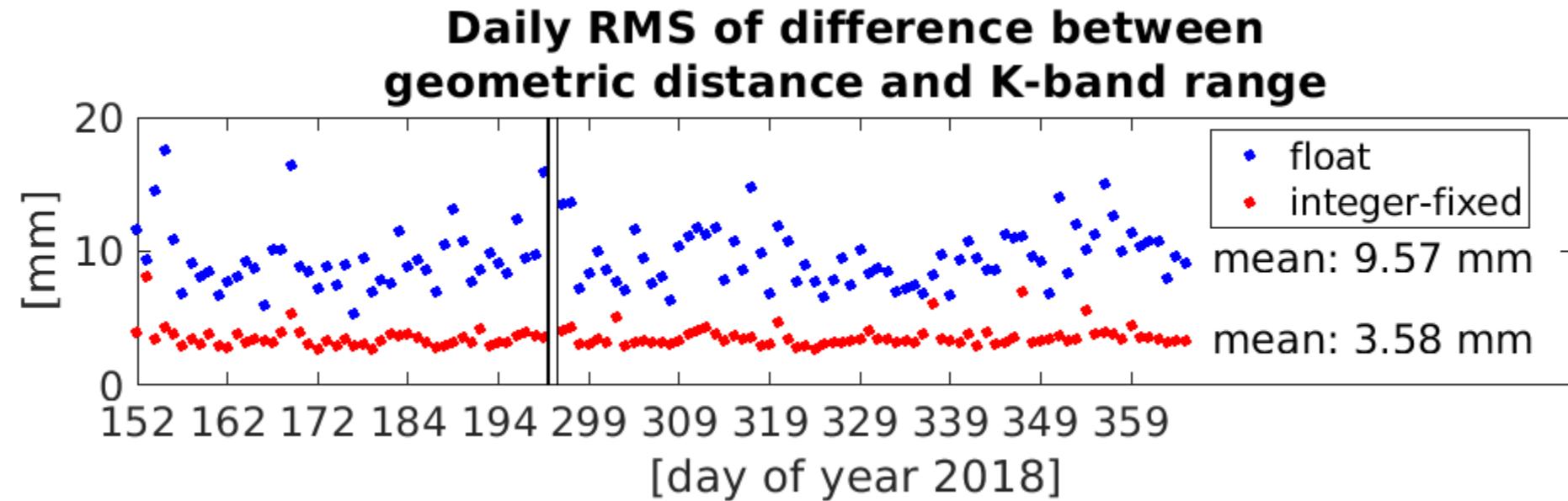
No downweighting of GPS



No downweighting of GPS - gravity field



Outlook to GRACE Follow-On



- Less (long-periodic) noise in the kinematic positions
- orbits of the two satellites are more consistent
 - K-band observations become more apparent and easier to handle
 - downweighting of GPS could be reduced

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