

Extending the GPS satellite antenna patterns of the IGS to nadir angles beyond 14° using LEO data

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April 8, 2011

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Deutsches Zentrum
für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V.
in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft

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Introduction

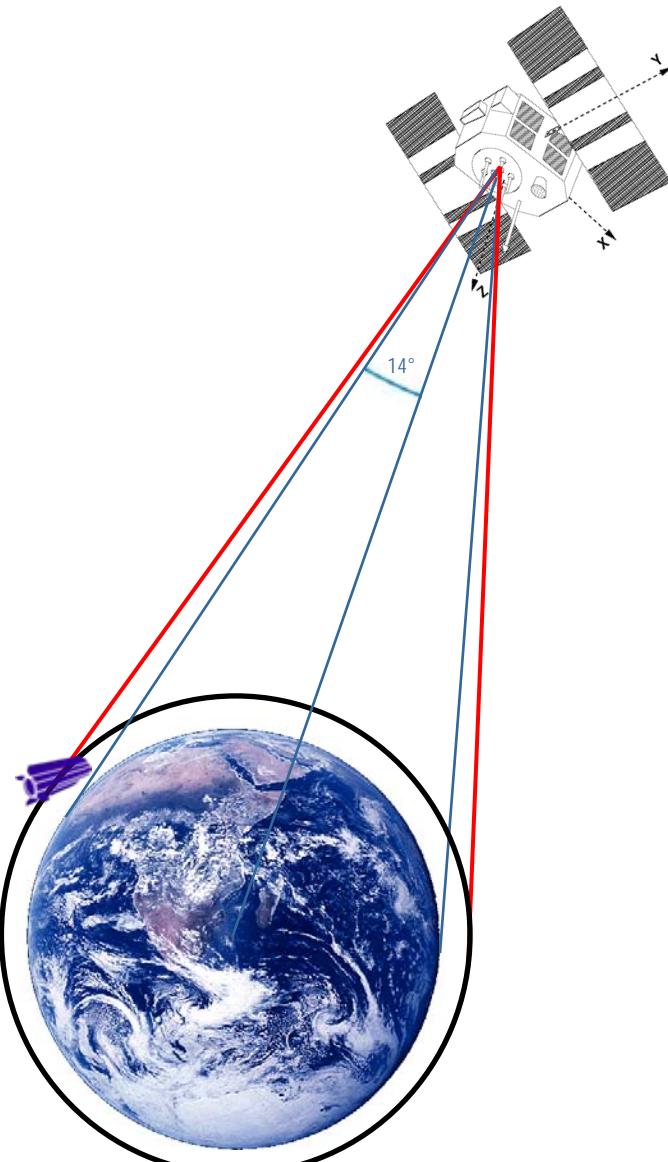
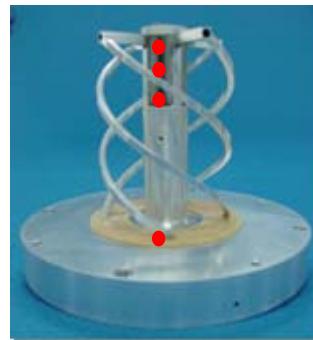
Phase center variations (PCVs) of GPS transmitter antennas, e.g., as provided by the IGS, are restricted to nadir angles $\leq 14^\circ$

GPS data from Low Earth Orbiters (LEOs) may be used to extend the GPS PCVs to nadir angles $\leq 17^\circ$

LEO phase center offsets (PCOs) have to be precisely known, LEO PCVs need to be co-estimated

L₂ PCO
L₁ PCO
Lc PCO

antenna reference point



Input data & products

- LEO GPS data, undifferenced ionosphere-free (Jason-2, GRACE-A/B, GOCE, MetOp-A)
- GPS orbits and clock corrections from the CODE final product line, introduced as known (consistent with PCOs & PCVs from igs05.atx)
- LEO orbits from AIUB relying on the CODE final product line, introduced as known (not based on empirical PCVs --> unbiased PCV estimation)
- GPS PCOs and PCVs from igs05.atx, used as a priori values for the transmitter antennas (PCV values extended beyond 14° with constant values)
- LEO PCOs used at AIUB for POD, introduced as known for the LEO receiver antennas (no a priori LEO PCVs are used)

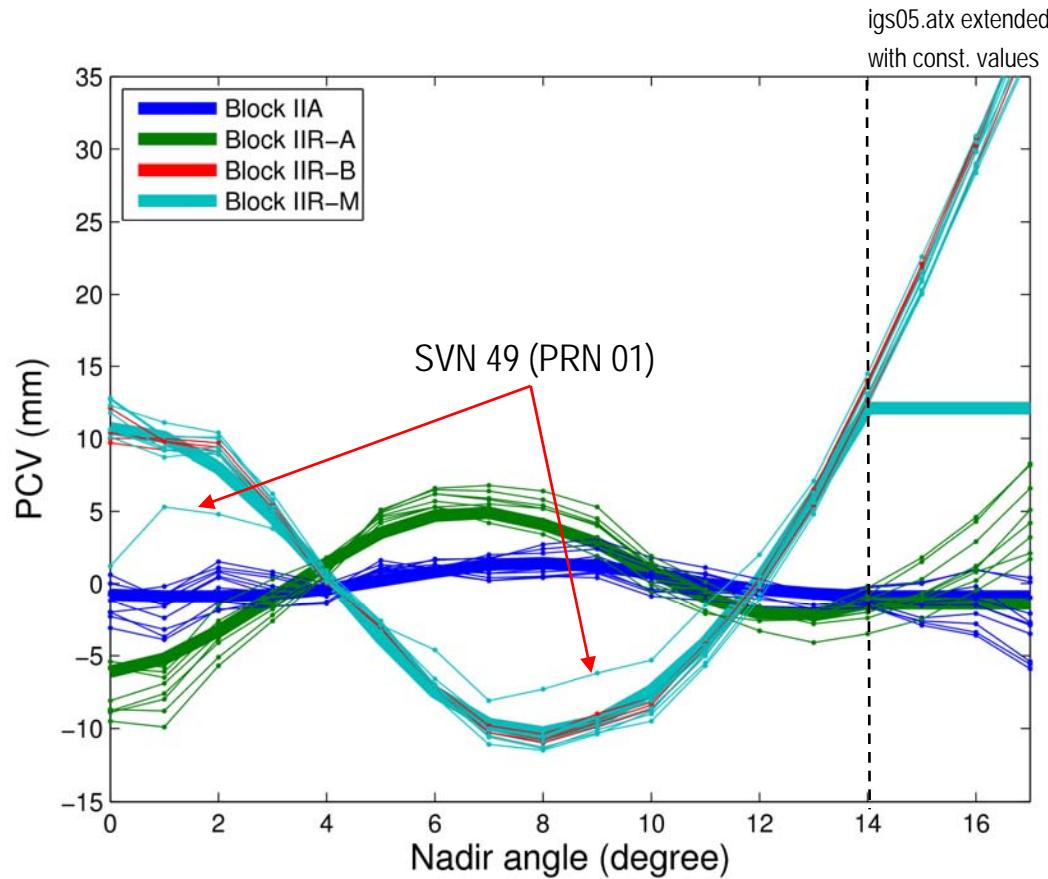
Estimated parameters & constraints

- PCVs for the GPS transmitter antennas
(nadir-dependent, piecewise linear, satellite-specific)
 - zero-mean condition (for nadir angles $\leq 12^\circ$)
 - PCVs of two Block IIA SVs constrained to a priori due to the simultaneous estimation of LEO PCVs
- PCVs for the LEO receiver antennas
($5^\circ \times 5^\circ$ grid, piecewise linear, LEO-specific)
 - zero-mean condition over all grid points
 - weak overall constraint (in principle not necessary, just used to avoid unreasonably large values of weakly observed grid points)

Normal equations are assembled for different LEOs on a daily basis and accumulated to solve for the PCVs

Jason-2 solution

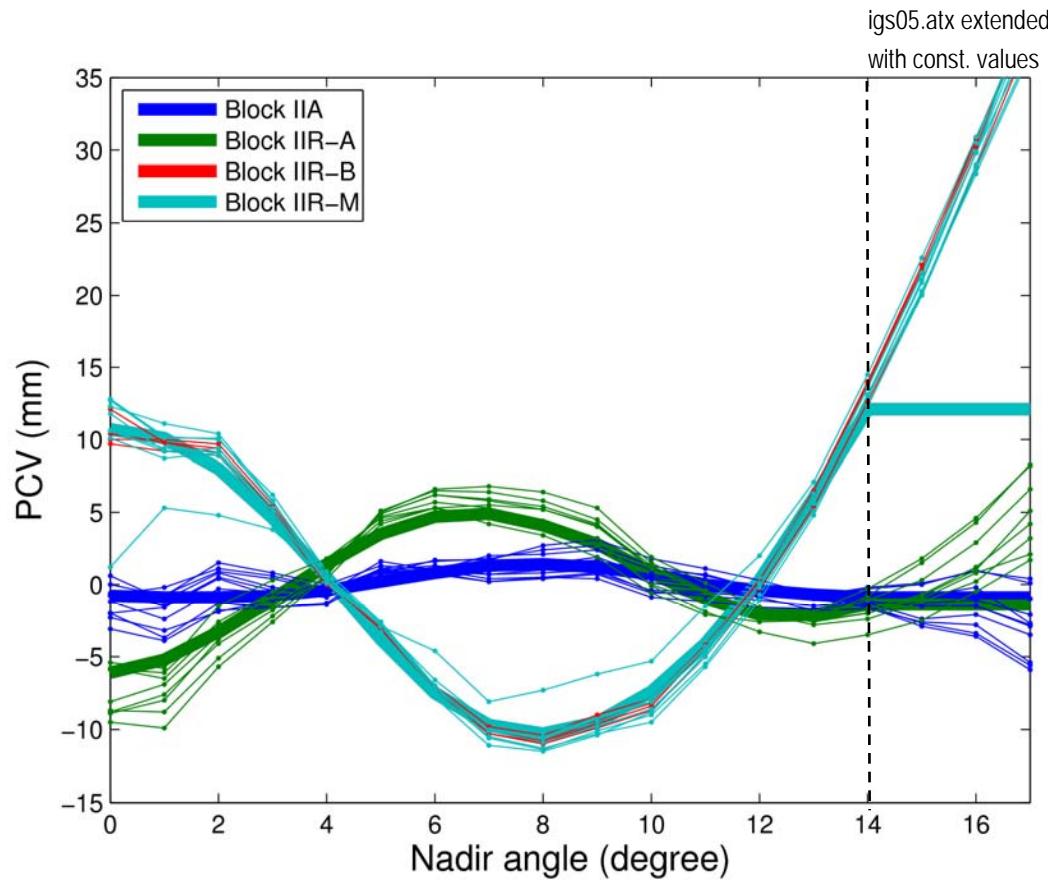
PCVs compared to igs05.atx



Data used:
30-sec GPS data
from entire year
2009

Jason-2 solution

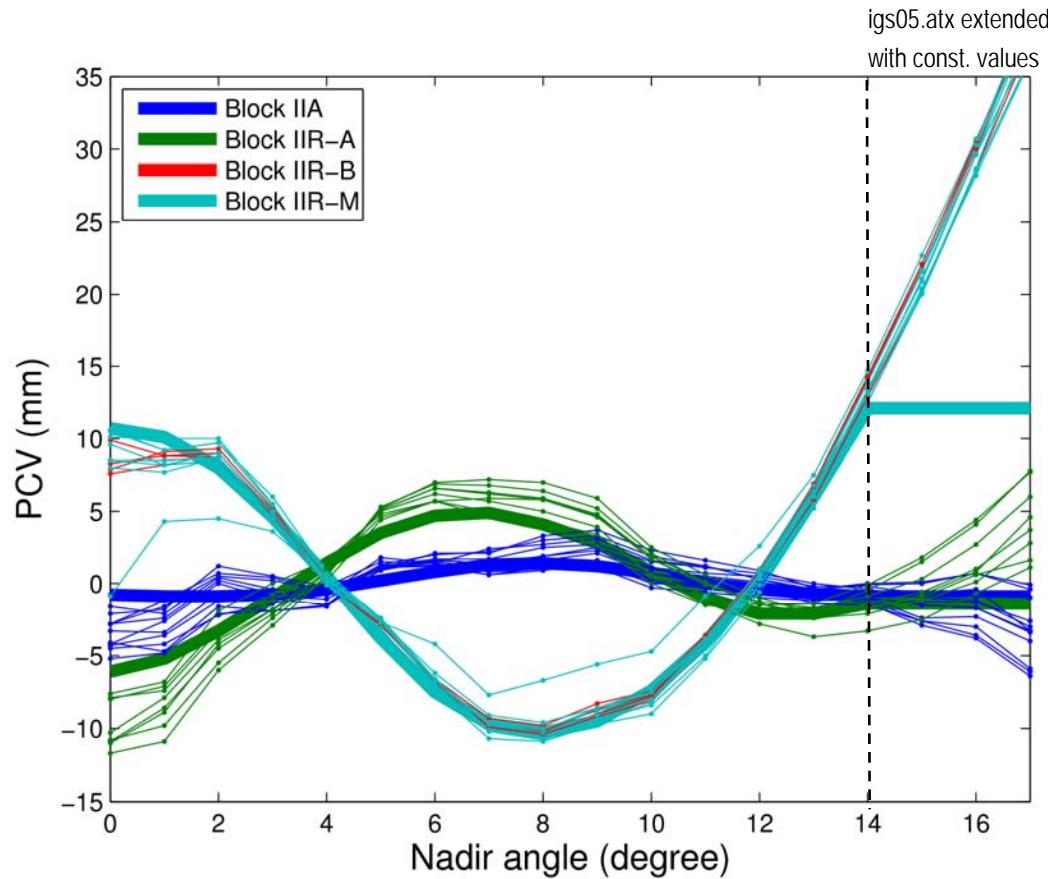
PCVs compared to igs05.atx



Constraint:
SVNs 25, 27

Jason-2 solution

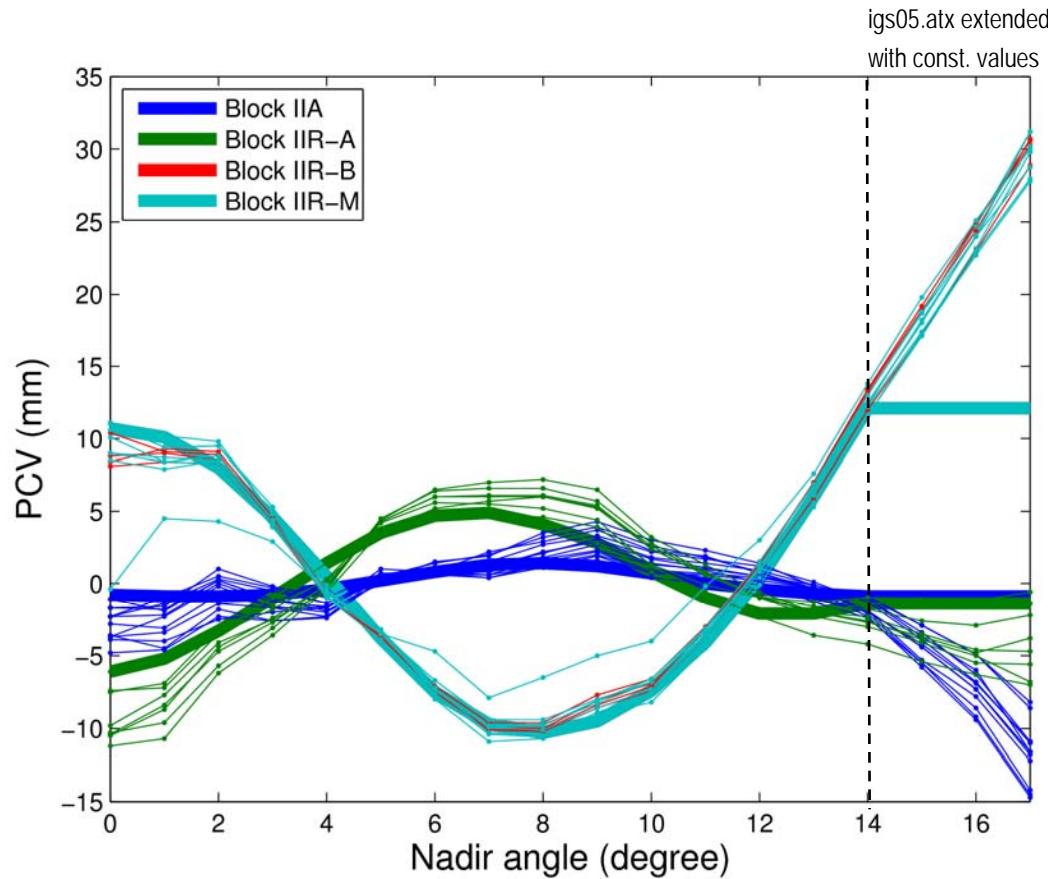
PCVs compared to igs05.atx



Constraint:
SVNs 25, 27
SVN 25

Jason-2 solution

PCVs compared to igs05.atx



Constraint:

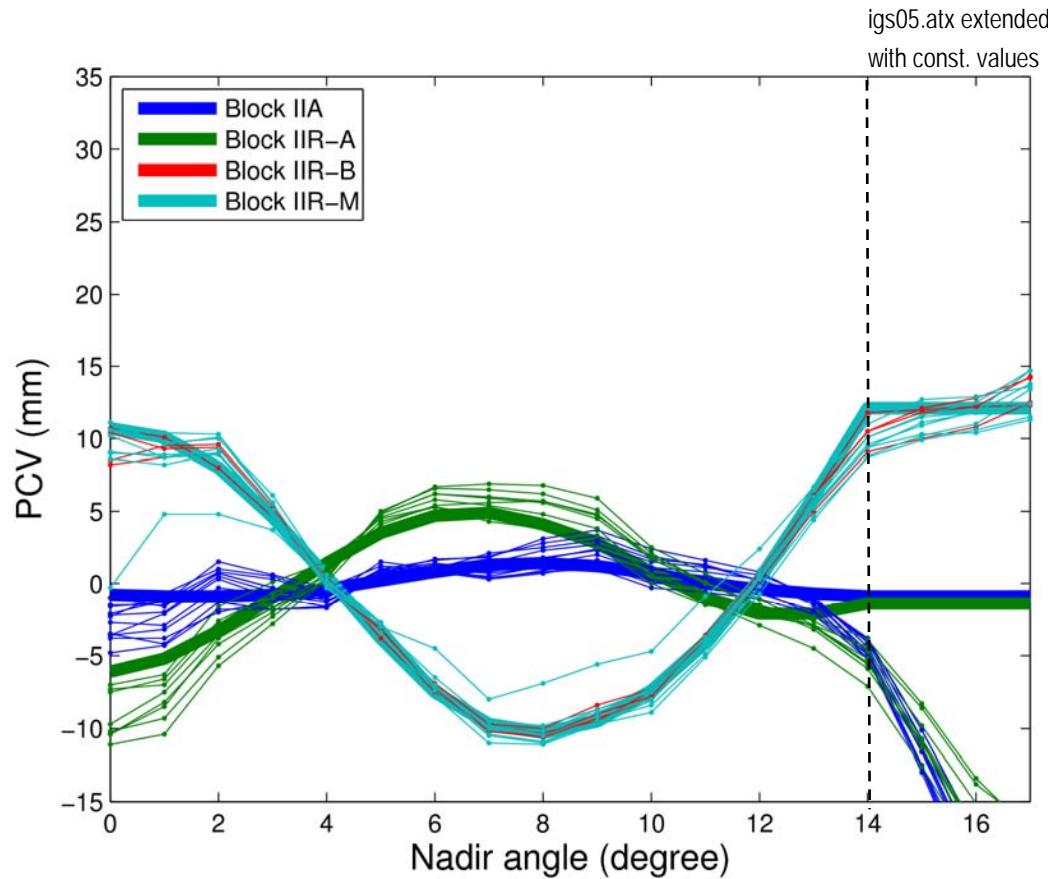
SVNs 25, 27

SVN 25

SVN 44

Jason-2 solution

PCVs compared to igs05.atx



Constraint:

SVNs 25, 27

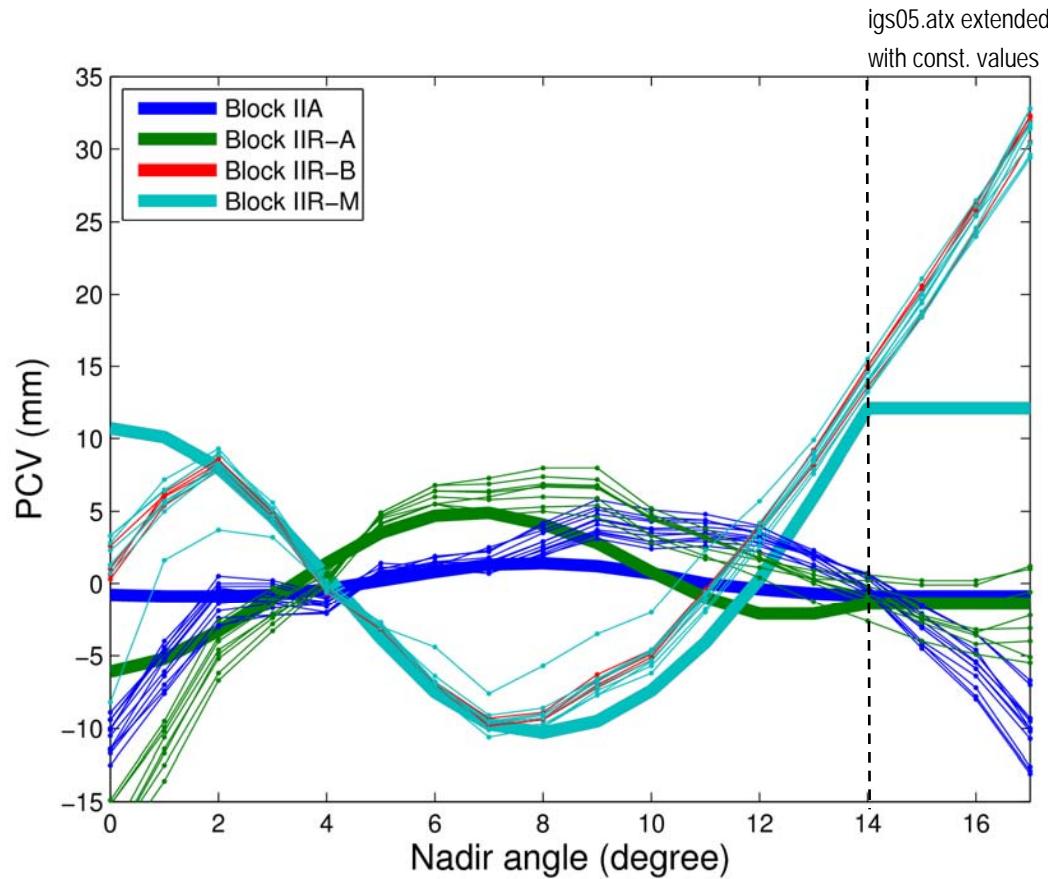
SVN 25

SVN 44

SVN 60

Jason-2 solution

PCVs compared to igs05.atx

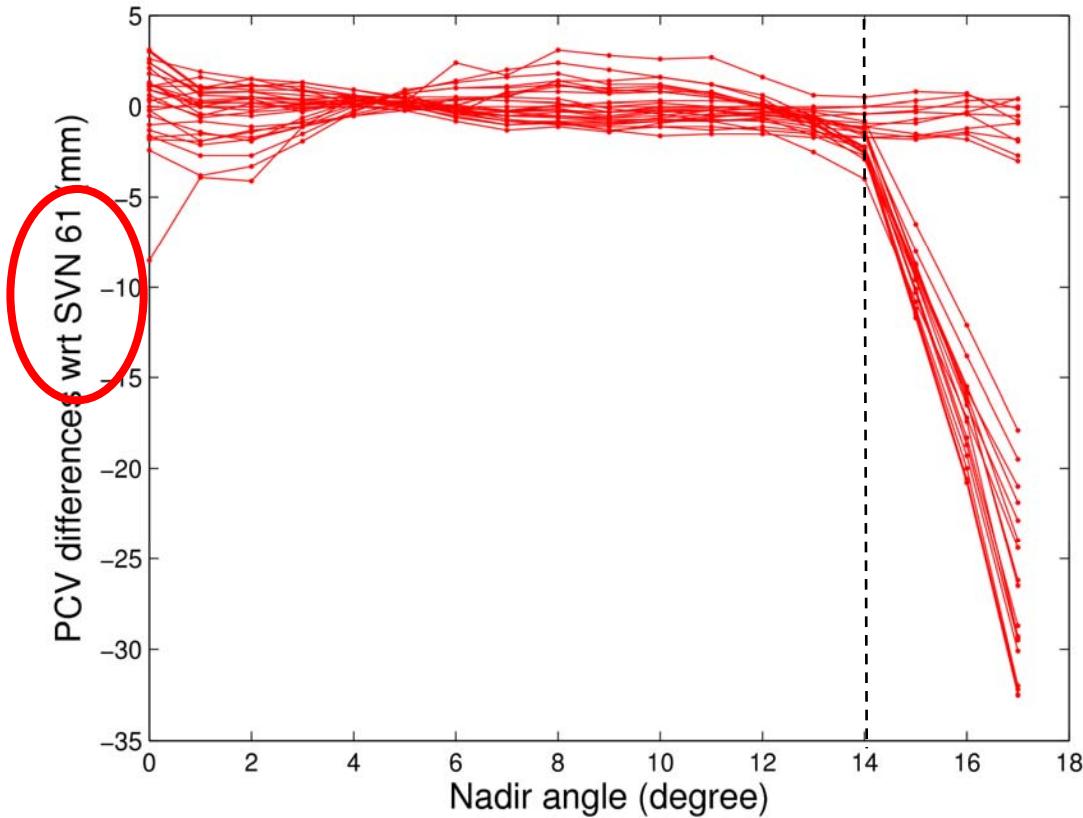


Constraint:

- SVNs 25, 27
- SVN 25
- SVN 44
- SVN 60
- none

Jason-2 solution

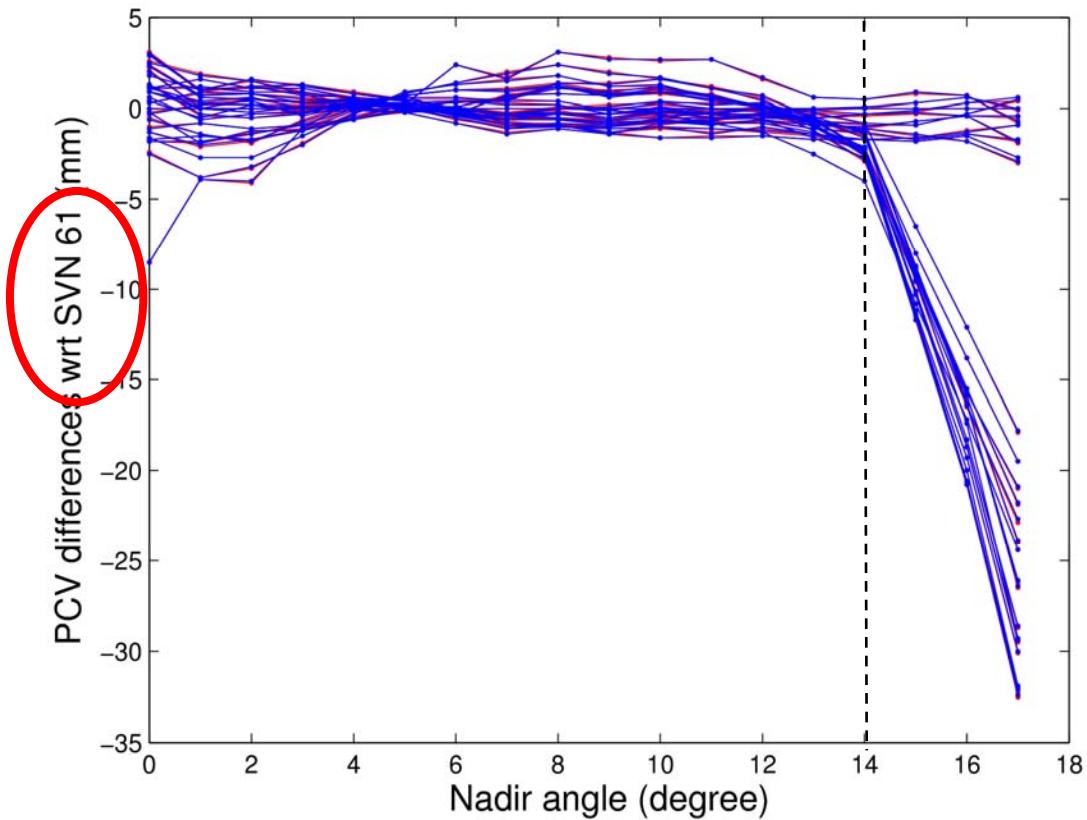
PCVs compared with each other



Constraint:
SVNs 25, 27

Jason-2 solution

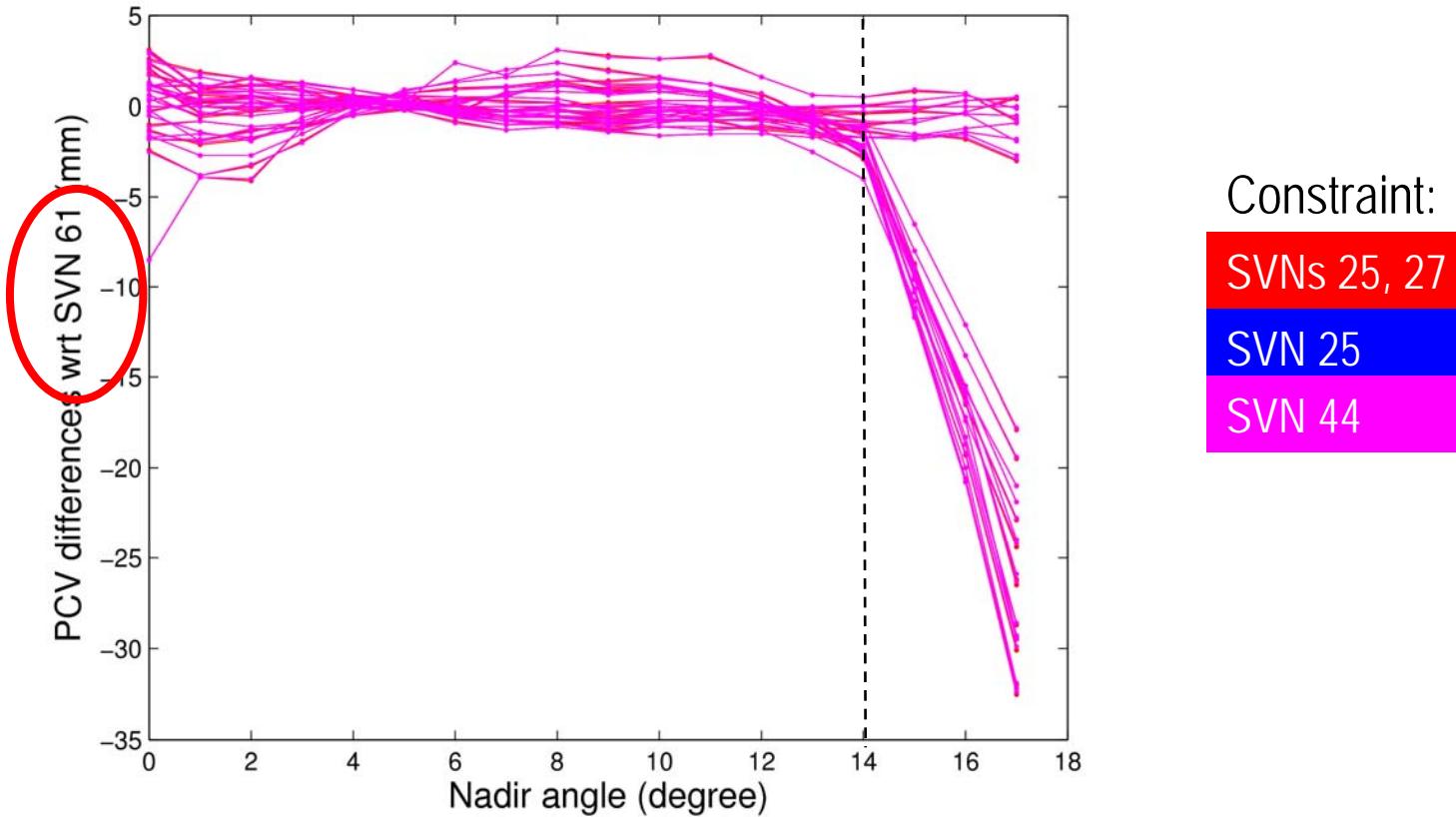
PCVs compared with each other



Sat.-to-sat. differences do not depend on the applied constraint

Jason-2 solution

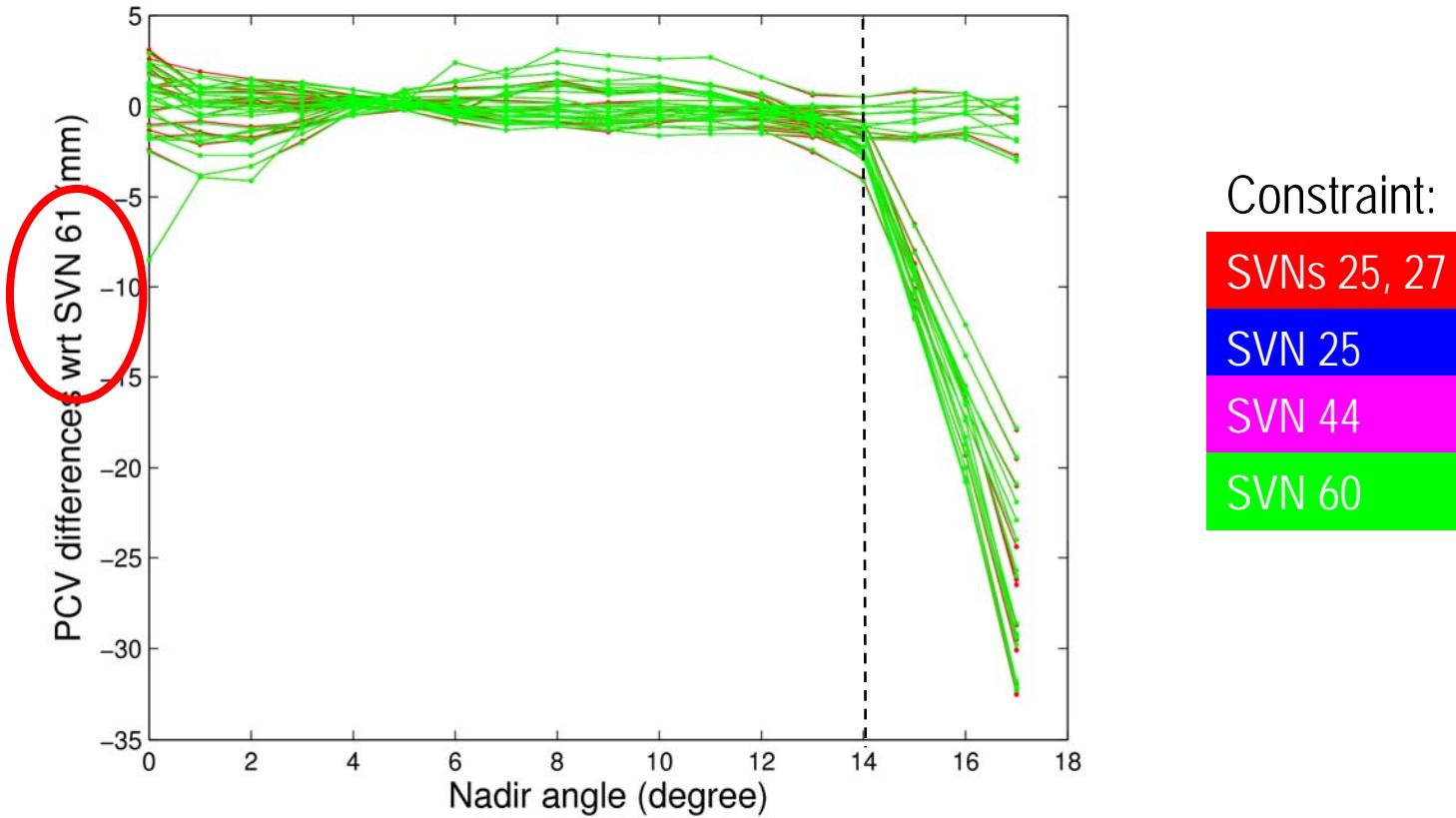
PCVs compared with each other



Sat.-to-sat. differences do not depend on the applied constraint

Jason-2 solution

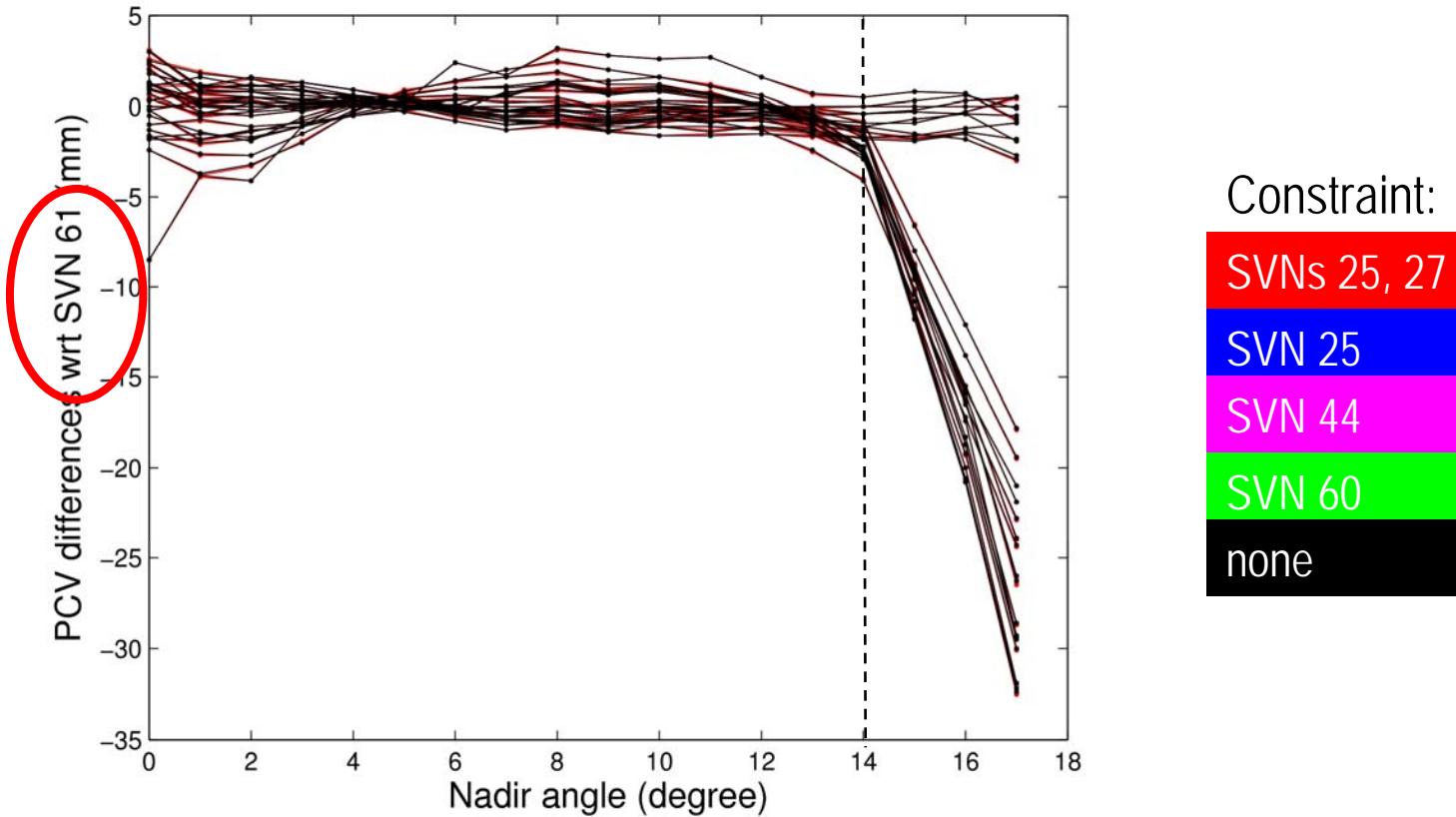
PCVs compared with each other



Sat.-to-sat. differences do not depend on the applied constraint

Jason-2 solution

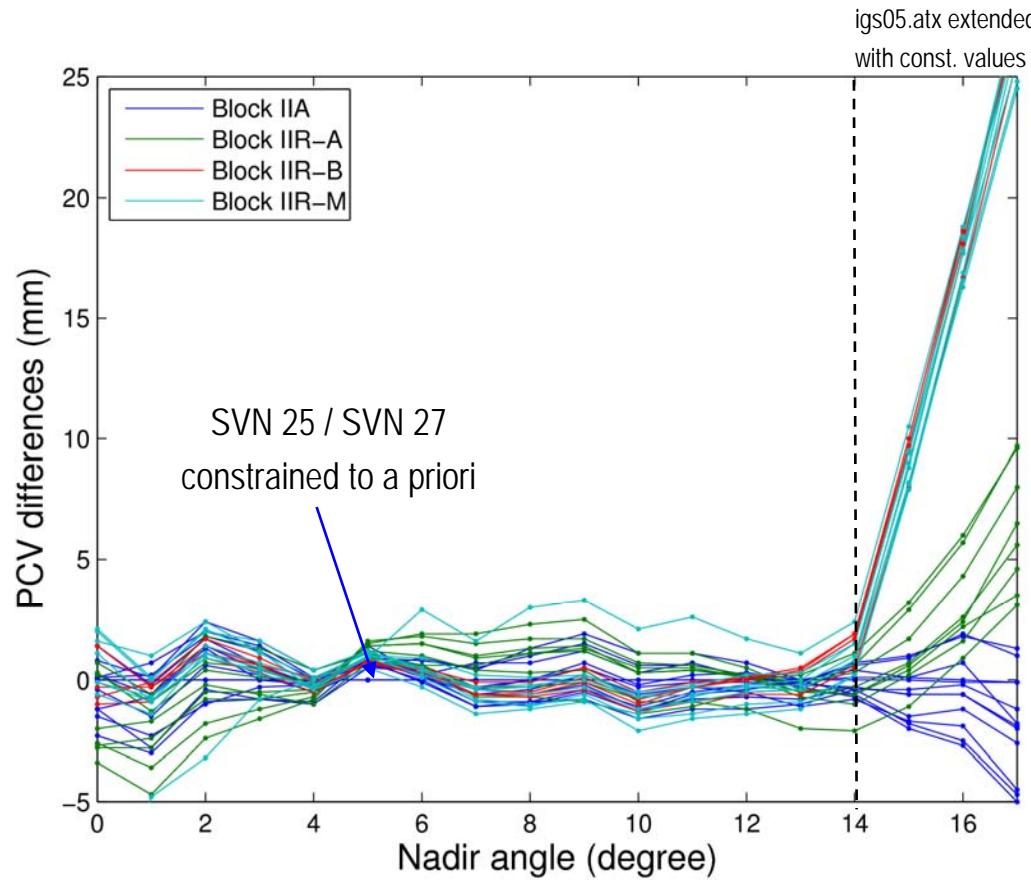
PCVs compared with each other



Sat.-to-sat. differences do not depend on the applied constraint

Jason-2 solution

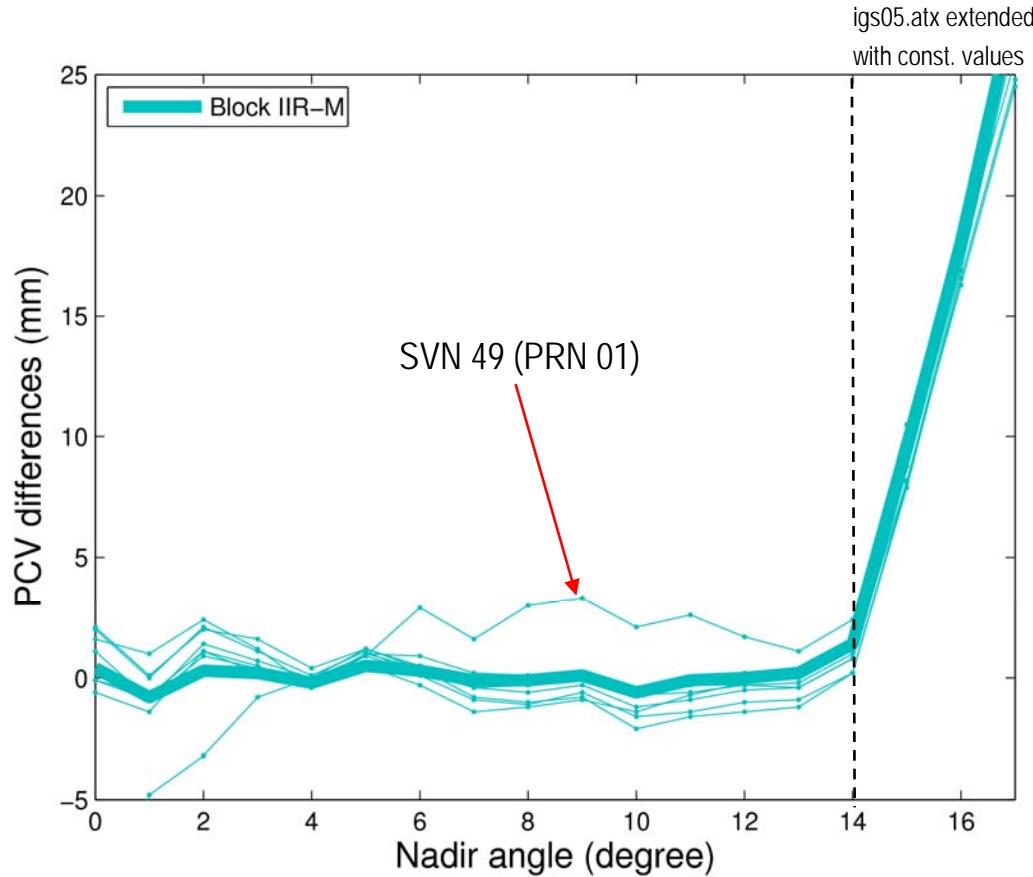
Differences compared to igs05.atx



Data used:
30-sec GPS data
from entire year
2009

Jason-2 solution

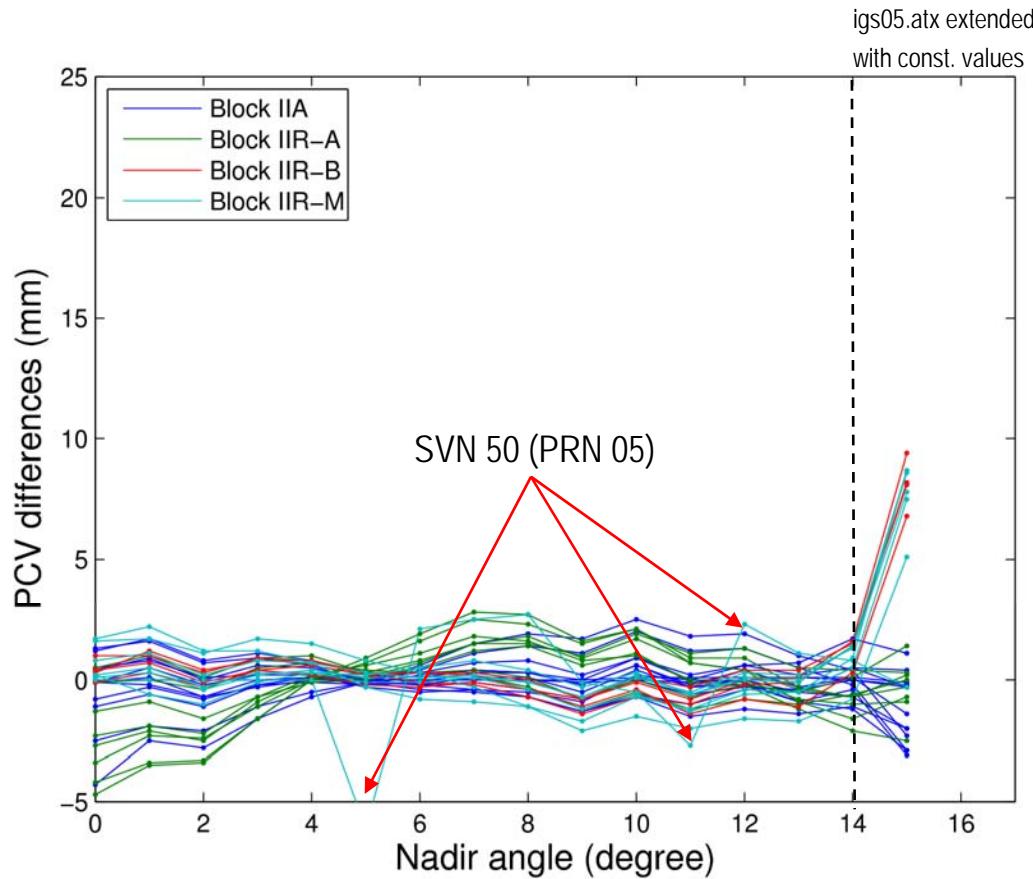
Differences compared to igs05.atx



Data used:
30-sec GPS data
from entire year
2009

GRACE solution

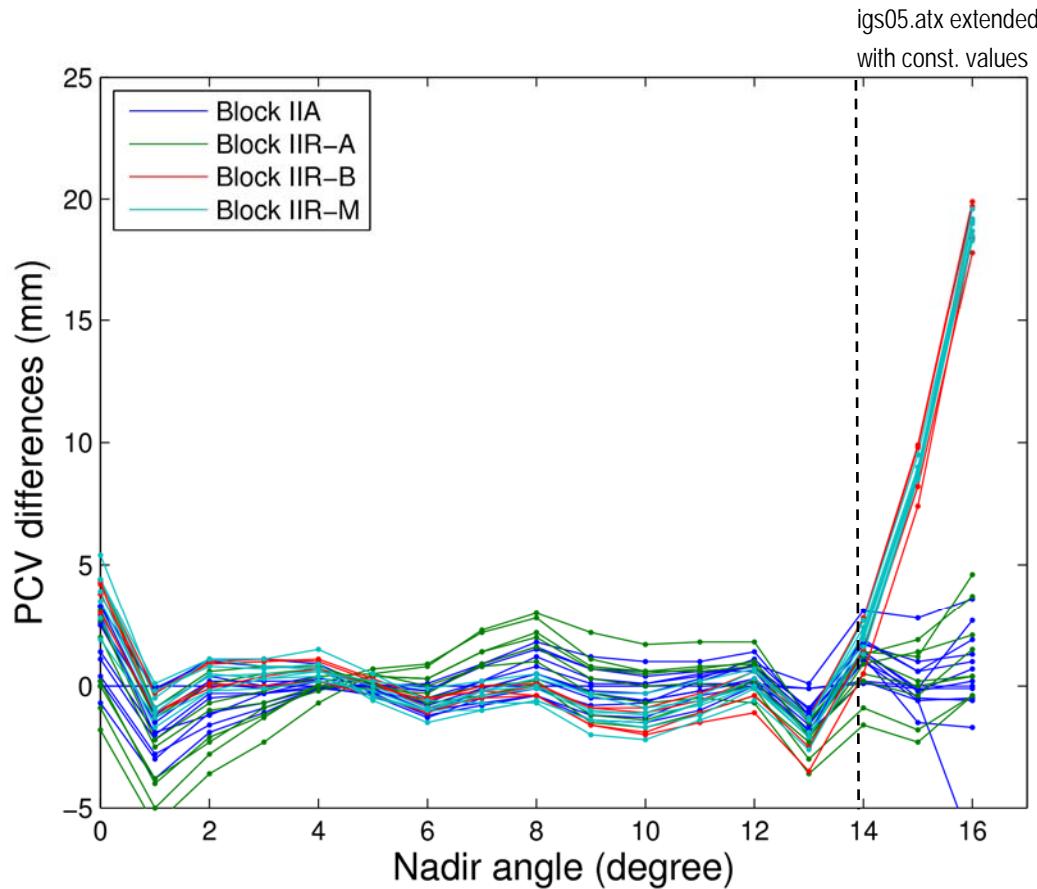
Differences compared to igs05.atx



Data used:
30-sec GPS data
from entire year
2009

MetOp-A solution

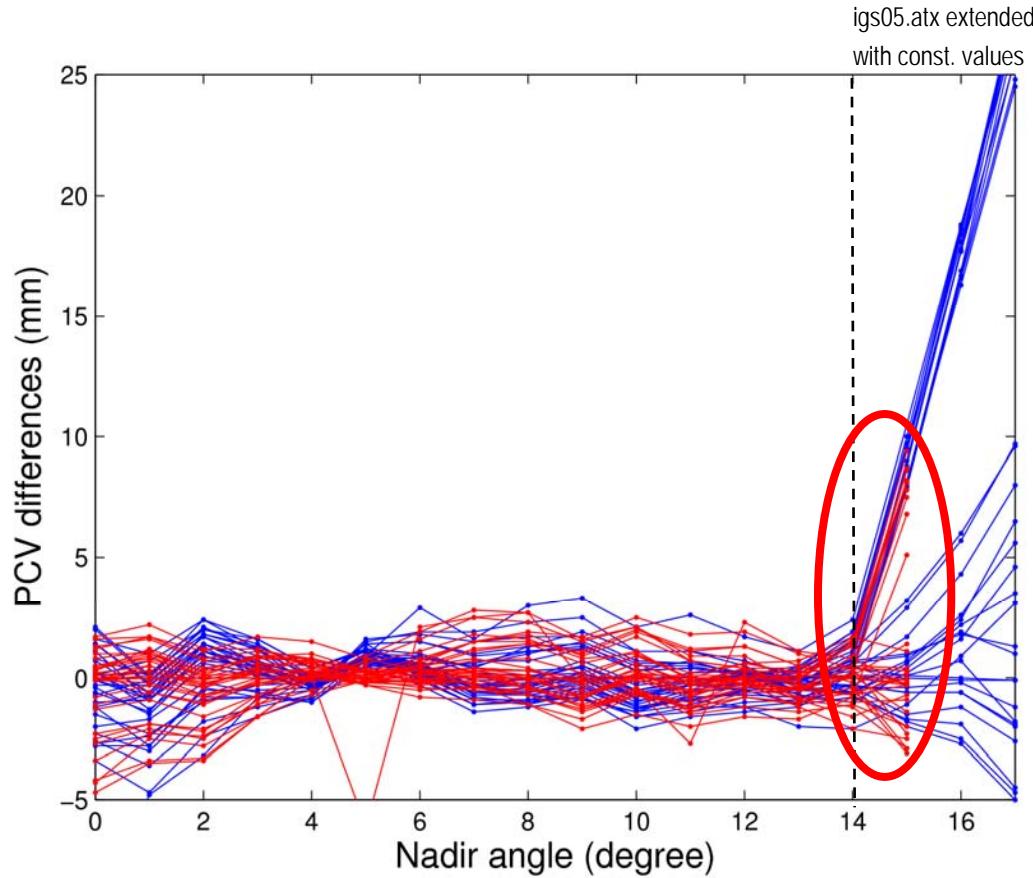
Differences compared to igs05.atx



Data used:
30-sec GPS data
from entire year
2009

Consistency of solutions

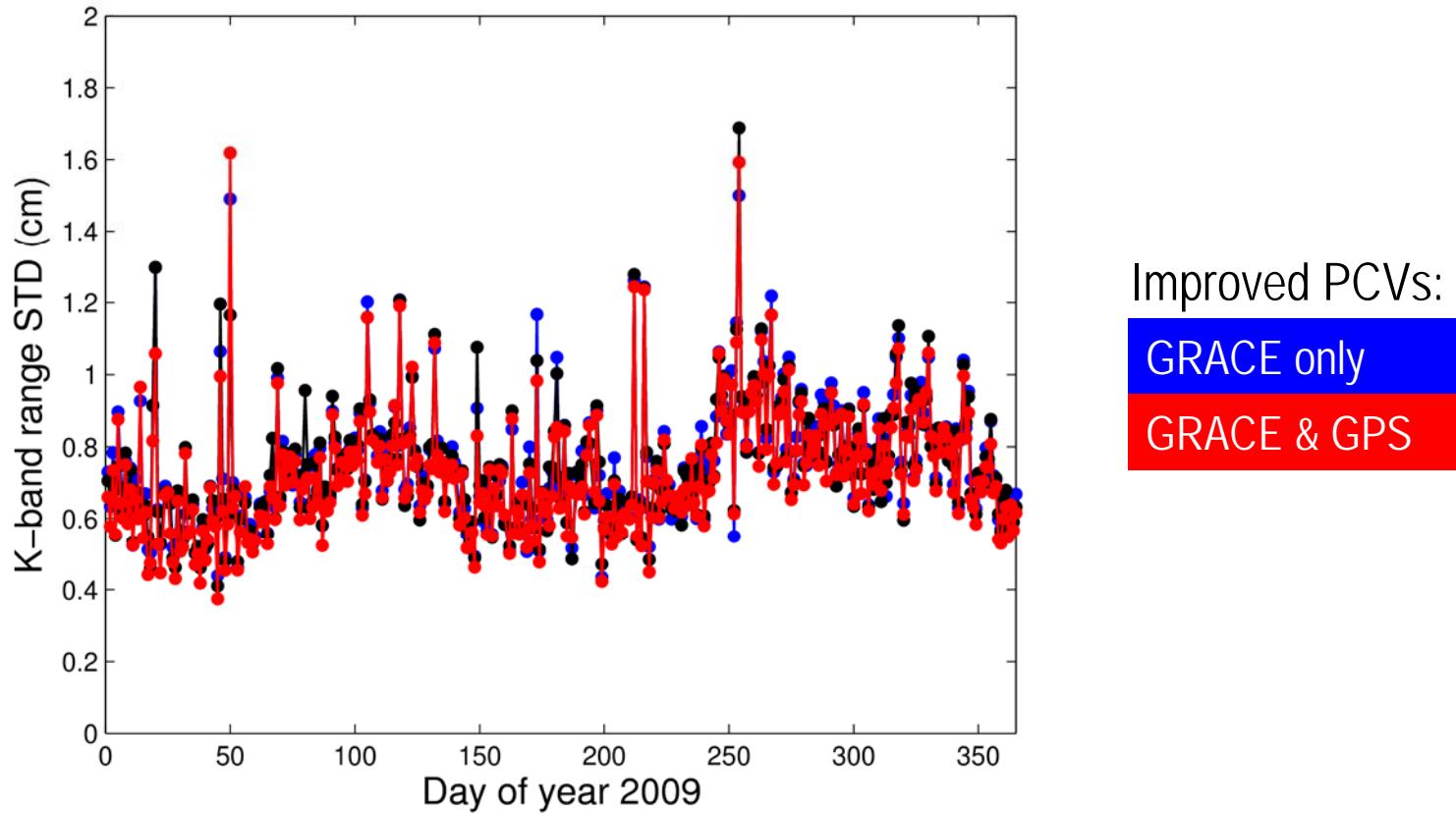
Differences compared to igs05.atx



LEO data:
Jason-2
GRACE-A & B

Validation of GPS PCVs

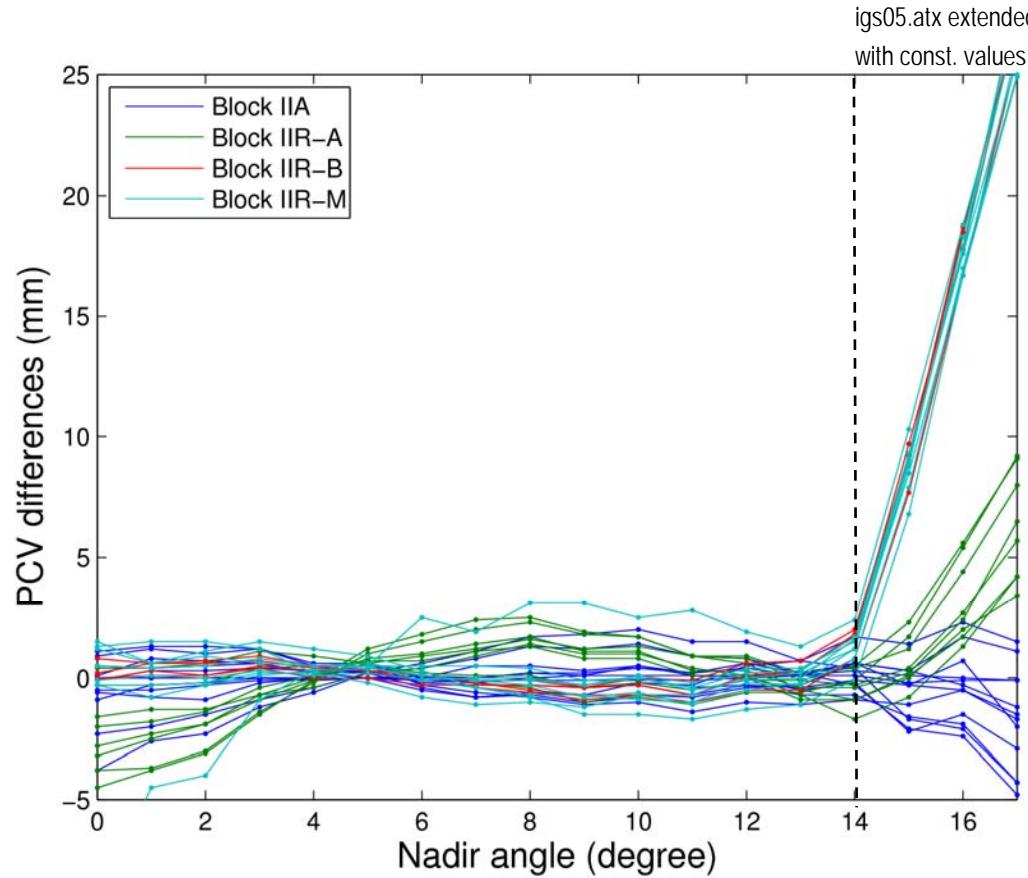
Impact on GRACE orbit determination



Improved PCVs:
GRACE only
GRACE & GPS

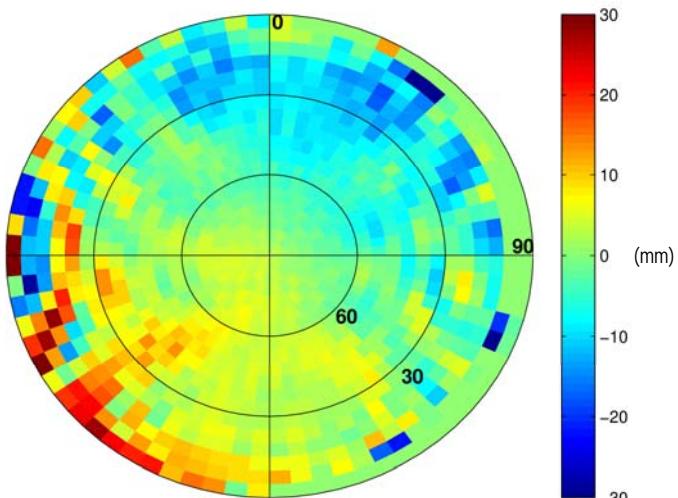
Combined solution

Differences compared to igs05.atx

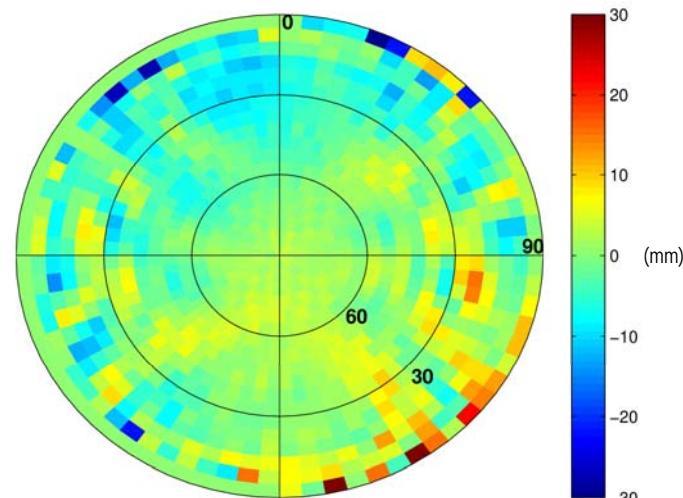


Data used:
Jason-2 (1 year)
GRACE (1 year)
GOCE (0.5 year)
MetOp (23 days)

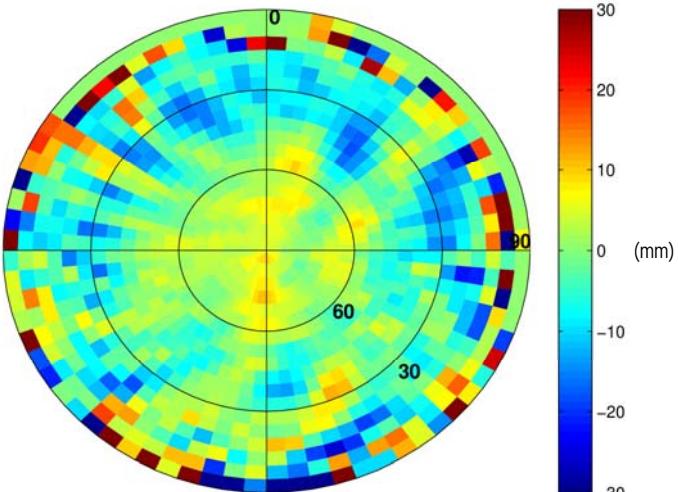
Estimated LEO PCVs



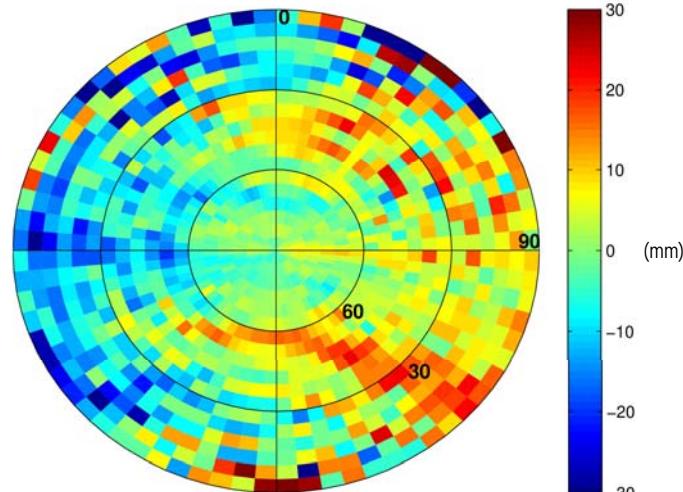
GRACE-A



GRACE-B



Jason-2

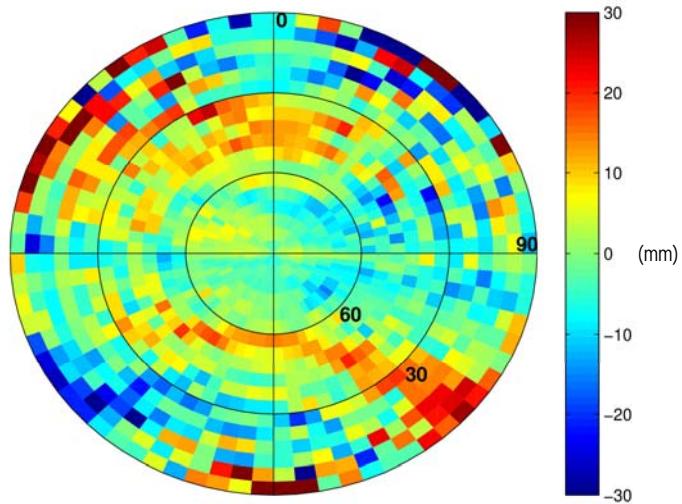


GOCE

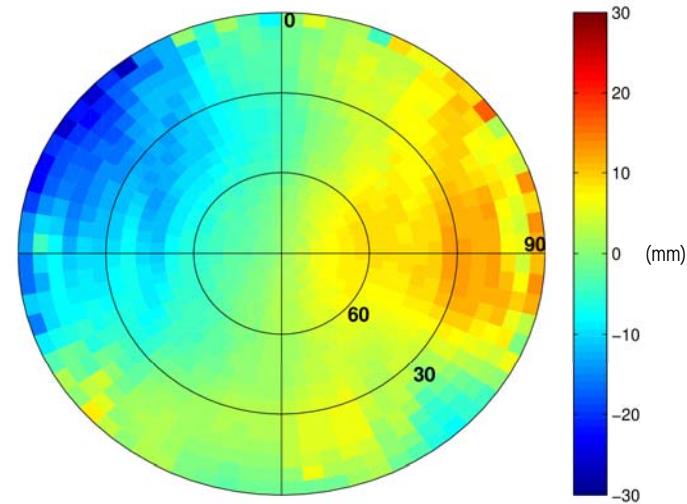
Impact of LEO orbit errors

Illustration with GOCE data

"unfair" experiment:



differences:



GOCE

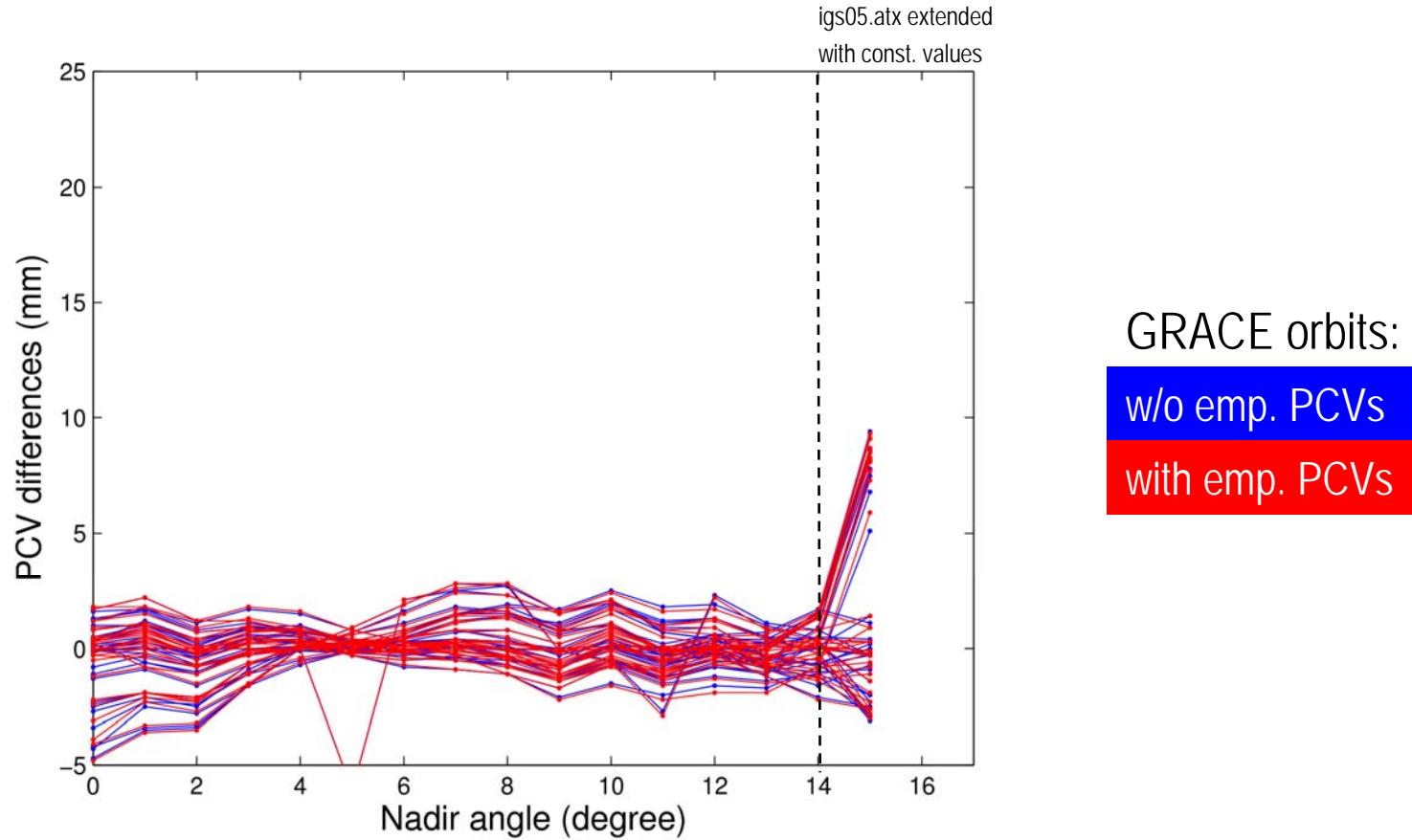
orbits generated **with** empirical LEO PCVs
are introduced as known for PCV estimation

large-scale structures of LEO PCVs show
pronounced differences (cross-track shifts)

Systematic LEO orbit errors affect the estimated LEO PCVs ...

Impact of LEO orbit errors

Illustration with GRACE data



... but they hardly affect the estimated GPS PCVs

Conclusions

- Satellite-specific GPS PCVs were simultaneously estimated with LEO PCVs from pure LEO GPS data
- Constraints are required to enable the simultaneous estimation of GPS and LEO PCVs when using only LEO GPS data
- Simultaneous PCV estimation is required to avoid mapping of mismodeled LEO PCVs into the GPS PCVs
- Satellite-specific GPS PCVs may be consistently estimated to igs05.atx, the agreement is about **2-3 mm** below 14°
- Block-specific values may be generated a posteriori, they show an agreement with igs05.atx of about **1 mm** below 14°
- Block-specific values could be used to consistently extend IGS GPS PCVs beyond 14°
- For a future re-estimation of GPS PCVs the combination with LEO NEQs should be considered

Thank you for your attention!